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Windsor, September 24.

THE following Addreſs from the Borough of *Shaſton* alias *Shaftsbury*, was preſented to Her Majeſty by *Edward Nicholas*, Eſq; one of their Repreſentatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Lord High Treaſurer.

To the QUEEN's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Recorder, and Loyal Part of the Capitol Burgeſſes, Gentlemen, and other Inhabitants of the Borough of *Shaſton* alias *Shaftsbury*, in the County of *Dorſet*.

May it pleaſe Your moſt Sacred Majeſty,

AS we moſt dutifully acknowledge Your Prerogative of making Peace or War, ſo we return our unfeigned Thanks to Your Majeſty for the near approach of ſuch a Peace, as (we hope) will moſt effectually ſecure the Proteſtant Succeſſion in the Illuſtrious Houſe of *Hannover*, and the Trade and Liberties of Your People.

Peace, after ſuch a Burthen, ſuch an unequal Share in Blood and Treaſure, is a bleſſed Sound from Heaven, conveyd to us by Your Majeſty's Wiſdom, and Your being fully poſſeſſed of *Dunkirk*, is an important Earneſt given for ſuch happy Tidings.

The perpetual Succeſs, and Glory of Your Arms, which kept the Laurels of Your Allies always freſh and verdant; Your Prudence in taking Refuge for Your Kingdoms in the Councils of Your preſent Miniſtry; Your pious Care of our Holy Church, by excluding all Vipers from her Boſom, and like an Angel of Peace unto her alſo, making her ſhine in full Luſtre; are bright and eternal Ornaments of Your Reign, which we pray might be long and happy.

Theſe, Madam, are farther Engagements on us to aſſure Your Majeſty, that whither *France* by Inſincerity, or all or any of Your Allies, through Stubborneſs or Envy to *Great Britain*'s being yet able to command a Peace, ſhall diſturb You; or whether any of Your own Subjects, through Love for a *Dutch* Commonwealth, beyond a *Britiſh* Monarchy, ſhall oppoſe Your Prerogatives and the true Intereſt of our Country, we ſhall be always ready with our Lives, and the remainder of our Fortunes to ſupport You againſt them.

The following Addreſs from the Borough of *Bramber*, was preſented to Her Majeſty by the Honourable *Andrews Windſor* and *William Shippen*, Eſqs; their Repreſentatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Rt. Hon. the Lord Viſcount *Bolingbroke*, One of Her Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State.

To the QUEEN's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Conſtable, Headborough, Burgeſſes, and Inhabitants of Your Majeſty's antient Borough of *Bramber*, in the County of *Suſſex*.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

AS Your Majeſty's Reign hath been one continued Act of Indulgence to Your People, Juſtice to Your Allies, and Glory to Your Crown; ſo it hath been a conſtant Reproof to Your Neighbour Princes and States, and the Envy of their Subjects.

But in no Inſtance hath Your Royal Indulgence to Your People, more eminently diſtinguiſhed it ſelf, than in Your late moſt gracious communication of the Terms of Peace to both Houſes of Parliament: For the Negotiation of Peace and War being the natural and Inherent Right of Sovereignty, the juſt and undiſputed Prerogative of the *Britiſh* Throne, it is with the deepeſt Senſe of Gratitude and Acknowledgement, that all Your Loyal Subjects muſt entertain ſo great, ſo unexampled a Condeſcenſion in Your Majeſty.

We reflect, with Pleaſure, on Your Majeſty's glorious Succeſſes in War (which ſurpaſs any the Atchievements of Your moſt renowned Anceſtors) as they have been the neceſſary Means of reſtoring a Ballance of Power to *Europe*: But when we conſider, that theſe Succeſſes have been ſo far from proving an immediate Benefit to *Great Britain*, that they have been a conſtant Pretence for new and oppreſſive Impoſitions; when we conſider, that Your Majeſty hath met with *Ingratitude* where You have given *Protection*, and with *Inſolence* where You have beſtowed *Dominion*, we cannot but prefer an Honourable Peace (ſuch we mean as Your Majeſty ſhall pleaſe to make) even to the moſt ſucceſsful War.

The Difficulties which Your Majeſty hath ſurmounted in forming this Plan of Peace, would have been an addition of Glory to any other Prince, but Succeſs is the certain Conſequence of all Your Majeſty's Undertakings, and this is no more than a repeated Proof, that nothing is inſuperable to the Wiſdom and Efficacy of Your Councils.

Your Enemy (however skill'd in Negotiations) found himſelf unable to deceive Your Majeſty into any Treaty, which would not be Safe and Juſt to Your Allies, as well as Honourable and Advantageous to *Great Britain*: He hath therefore delivered into Your Hands, the ſtrongeſt and moſt important Fortreſs in all his Dominions, as a Pledge of his Faith, which is a greater Inſtance of Submiſſion, than any Power or Policy could ever before extort from that Prince.

But it is obvious to the meaneſt of Your Subjects, and will be Matter of Aſtoniſhment to Poſterity, that Your Majeſty's glorious Deſigns have found Oppoſition chiefly from thoſe, whoſe Duty it was to have promoted them, who forgetting all Obligations of Allegiance to the beſt of Sovereigns, and profeſſing Principles of *Reſiſtance* and *Rebellion*, have endeavoured to invert the Order of Government, and to advance the Power of a Neighbouring Republick above that of the Monarchy of theſe Kingdoms.

That God may defeat all ſuch pernicious and wicked Purpoſes, direct Your Councils, proſper Your Undertakings, and long preſerve Your Royal Perſon and Government, is the Prayer of Your Majeſty's moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects.

The following Addreſs from the City of *Aberdeen*, was preſented to Her Majeſty by *William Levingſton*, Eſq; their Repreſentative in Parliament, being introduced by his Grace the Duke of *Shrewsbury*, Lord Chamberlain of Her Majeſty's Houſhold.

To the QUEEN's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The moſt humble Addreſs of the principal Burgeſſes, and others, free Inhabitants of the Loyal and Antient City of *Aberdeen*.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE Your Majeſty's Loyal and moſt Dutiful Subjects beg leave to expreſs the entire Satisfaction of our Minds with the Terms upon which a General Peace may be concluded, and which Your Majeſty's has, with ſuch extraordinary Condeſcenſion and Goodneſs been pleaſed to declare to Your People.

We with Loyal and Dutiful Hearts return Your Majeſty our moſt humble and dutiful Acknowledgments, for the great care that has been taken to enlarge and ſecure our Commerce, even beyond our Expectations; and in the firſt place ſo effectually to provide for and eſtabliſh the true Intereſt and Honour of your own Kingdoms.

We cannot but obſerve with the greateſt Satisfaction, how piouſly Your Majeſty has always provided for the Eaſe and Quiet of Conſciences of all Your Proteſtant Subjects who are truly Scrupulous, and as we muſt acknowledge our ſelves to be fully ſatisfied with Your Majeſties pious, Juſt and Wiſe Adminiſtration, ſo we render Your Majeſty our moſt humble and hearty Thanks for the gracious Protection Your Majeſty has been pleaſed to vouchaſe us in the free Exerciſe of our holy Religion, and of the excellent Worſhip of the Church of *England*.

May Your Majeſty ſpeedily finiſh that good Work which your great Wiſdom hath ſo far advanced notwithſtanding the artful Contrivances and envious Efforts of a factious and malicious Party, and may you long live to reap the happy Fruits of a ſafe and honourable Peace. We are with the greateſt Duty and Submiſſion, Madam, Your Majeſty's moſt Loyal and moſt Obedient Subjects.

Which Addreſſes Her Majeſty received very graciouſly.

Hanover, Sept. 30. *N. S.* Yeſterday Mr. Harley had an Audience of Leave of the Elector, the Electreſs Dowager, the Electoral Prince and Princeſs, and to Morrow he intends to ſet out on his way towards Great Britain. Advices from Pomerania ſay, that the Czar was gone from that Country to Carlsbad, and had left the Command of his Army to King Auguſtus, who, it was thought, deſigned to beſiege Stralſund. General Steinbock is returned to Carlſcroon, having firſt given all the directions he thought neceſſary either for the Government or Defence of the Iſle of Rugen, encouraging the Officers and Soldiers to behave themſelves well, by aſſurances that he would ſuccour 'em, in caſe they ſhould be invaded. Theſe Letters add, that the Muſcovites had ſince made an Attempt there, but were repulſed with ſome Loſs. They write from Warſaw, that fifteen hundred Horſe and one thouſand Dragoons, of the Czar's Troops, are marching towards Pomerania.

Bruſſels, Octob. 3. *N. S.* On the 27th paſt, four Deputies from the States of Brabant, and two from thoſe of Flanders, went to the Camp of Belian, being ſummoned thither